THE [Numb. 672.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *March* 23, 1758.

RATISBON, December 7.

THE Miniſter of the King of Great-Britain, Elector of Hanover, has received Orders to repreſent to the Diet of the Empire, that the King his Maſter finds himſelf under a Neceſſity to break through the Convention ſettled with the Generals of the French Army for the following Reaſons, viz.

1. Becauſe the Court of France pretended to oblige the Hanoverian Troops not to act againſt her or any of her Allies, during the Continuance of the preſent War.

2. She demanded that the auxiliary Troops ſhould be diſarmed before they returned home.

3. That then it became neceſſary to proceed no farther in the Convention, rather than conſent that Troops which were not Priſoners of War ſhould ſubmit by laying down their Arms to the ſame Conditions as if they had been ſo.

4. That his Britannic Majeſty look'd on a Suſpenſion of Arms as paving the Way for Peace, and as a Means to comprehend his Allies in the Conditions which ſhould be agreed on: But inſtead thereof the Court of France refuſed to lend its helping Hand, and to treat of Peace with the King, in Quality of Elector, that it might be left at Liberty to act arbitrarily in the electoral Territories of his Britannic Majeſty, as well as thoſe of the Princes his Allies.

5. That this was the Deſign is manifeſt by the Hoſtilities committed notwithſtanding the Truce, by the Plunderings and Seizing the Garriſon of Schartzfels in the Hartz, as Priſoners. How exact ſoever the Hanoverians were, in giving up the French Priſoners taken before the Convention, the French, who were obliged to the ſame Conditions, fail'd in the Performance. That the Bailiffs of the Diſtricts where the French were not to enter, were forc'd to give in the State of their Receipts. That the King's Magazines, and thoſe of the electoral Troops, were ſeiz'd even in Places look'd upon as Neutral. That the Country has been abus'd and plunder'd, plainly proving, that the Deſign was to ruin the King's electoral Dominions, and likewiſe cauſe the Deſtruction of his Army, which they had before endeavoured at, by confining the Troops to Quarters where they muſt be expos'd to the Rigour of the Seaſon, and in all Likelihood in Want of all Neceſſaries.

That for theſe Reaſons his Britannic Majeſty flatters himſelf that the States of the Empire will acknowledge the Solidity and Rectitude of them. He finds himſelf, notwithſtanding his pacific Diſpoſition, under the Neceſſity of having Recourſe again to Arms, as the only Means to reſcue his Subjects from the Oppreſſions they ſuffer, and free his Allies from the Vexations impoſed upon; hoping that the Meaſures he is obliged to take, the Bounds of his Patience being exhauſted, will be attended with that happy Succeſs which may anſwer the lawful Views of yielding to the indiſpenſible Neceſſity he is at preſent under, of having again Recourſe to his Arms.

A true Copy of a Letter from Monſieur de Richelieu to his Serene Highneſs Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick, Commander in Chief of the Hanoverian Army:

SIR,

"ALTHOUGH for ſome Days paſt I have perceived the Hanoverian Troops in Motion, in order to form themſelves into a Body, I could not imagine the Object of theſe Movements was to break the Convention of Neutrality, ſigned the 8th and 10th of September between his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland and me. The good Faith which I naturally ſuppos'd on the Part of the King of England Elector of Hanover and of his Son, who ſigned the Convention, blinded me ſo far as to make me believe that the aſſembling theſe Troops had no other Deſign than going into Winter Quarters that had been aſſigned them. The repeated Advices which came to me from every Quarter of the bad Intentions of the Hanoverians at length opened my Eyes, and at preſent one may ſee very clearly that there is a Plan formed to break the Articles of a Convention, which ought to be ſacred and inviolable.

"The King my Maſter having been informed of theſe dangerous Movements, and of the Infidelity of the Hanoverians, is ſtill willing to give freſh Proofs of his Moderation, and of his Deſire to ſpare the Effuſion of human Blood. It is with this View that I have the Honour to declare to your Serene Highneſs, in the Name of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, that I perſiſt in my Reſolution of fulfilling exactly all the Points of the Convention, provided the Hanoverian Army on its Part does the ſame; but I cannot conceal from your Serene Highneſs, that if, contrary to all Expectation, it ſhould take any equivocal Step, and ſtill more, if it ſhould commit any Act of Hoſtility, I ſhall then puſh Matters to the laſt Extremity, looking on myſelf as authorized ſo to do by the Laws of War; I ſhall ſet Fire to all the Palaces, Royal Houſes, and Gardens; I ſhall ſack all the Towns and Villages, without ſparing the ſmalleſt Cabbin; in ſhort, this Country ſhall feel all the Horrors of War. I adviſe your Serene Highneſs to reflect on all this, and not to lay me under the Neceſſity of taking Steps ſo contrary to the natural Humanity of the French Nation, and alſo to my perſonal Character.

RICHELIEU.

"P. S. Monſ. Le Count de Lynar, Ambaſſador of the King of Denmark, who was Mediator for the Convention, has been ſo kind as to take upon him to ſay every Thing in his Power to his Serene Highneſs, in order to prevent the fatal Conſequences with which this Country is threatened."

The Subſtance of Prince Ferdinand's Laconic Anſwer was; "That his Serene Highneſs would "come at the Head of his Army, and give him "his Anſwer in Perſon."

LONDON, *November* 24.

The laſt Letters from Liſbon bring the following ample Account of the great Earthquake that happened laſt Summer in the Azores:

"THE 9th of July, Forty-five Minutes paſt Eleven at Night, a dreadful Shock, which laſted about Two Minutes, was felt in moſt of the Azores. All the Houſes in the Iſland of Angra, or Tercera, were violently ſhaken. The Impulſe of the Earthquake which at firſt was vertical, quickly became horizontal, the Direction being from Weſt to Eaſt. During theſe Two Minutes the Earth was moved with ſuch Force, that had the Shock laſted a few Seconds longer, all the tottering Buildings muſt have been ſwallowed up. The 10th, about Ten o'Clock in the Morning, there was another Shock; and a Third at Four in the Afternoon, as violent as that of the preceding Day, but its Duration ſhorter. In St. George's Iſland, 21 Leagues from Angra, the Earth quaked the ſame Day, and at the ſame Hours; but the Shocks were ſo violent, that 1053 Perſons were cruſhed to Death under the Ruins of the Houſes. The Conſternation of the Inhabitants redoubled the 10th in the Morning, at the Sight of Eighteen new Iſlands, which aroſe at the Diſtance of 100 Fathoms on the North Side of the Iſland. At the Fayans des Vimes the ſame Shock threw down all the Buildings: No more Houſes, Temples, nor Streets, are to be found there, but only Heaps of Rubbiſh and Stones. In ſome Places whole Fields and Gardens were rolled down into the Sea. There are ſtill Slips of Land to be ſeen at ſome Diſtance from the Shore, and ſurrounded with Water, which retain their Form and all their Contents: Upon one of theſe floating Iſlands there is a Houſe ſtanding, planted round with Trees, which had been no Way damaged. Monte-Formoſo, lying S. S. E. of this Iſland, was ſplit in two; one Part tumbled into the Sea, the other ſtands within 200 Yards of it. From the Eaſt Point of Topo Iſland, as far as the Town of Caletha, there is yet nothing to be ſeen but Ruins; no Houſe could ſtand the Shock: Nay, the Ground opened in ſeveral Places, and a Piece of Land, about a Quarter of a League ſquare, was carried into the Sea. Some Mountains moved out of their Places; others have entirely diſappeared; ſo that the Communication between ſome of thoſe Iſlands, which was formerly impracticable, on Account of the Steepneſs of the Rocks, is now open and eaſy; where the Mountains ſtood there is now a Plain. Part of the Village of Norte-Grande broke looſe from the Reſt, and forms a new Iſland 300 Yards diſtant from it. All the terrified Inhabitants of thoſe Iſlands live in the Woods, expecting every Day will be their laſt, the quaking Ground ſhewing them Graves on every Side. Enormous Maſſes of Stone continually break off from the Rocks, and fall into deep Pits formed by the Earthquakes: In ſome Places whole Rocks have ſunk into the Ground. In Pico Iſland theſe Shocks have been but ſlightly felt, except on that Side of it which is oppoſite to St. George's; that Part of it has been roughly handled, and Eleven Souls periſhed there. On the Day of the firſt Shock the Sea broke into St. George's Iſland, the Waves running from Weſt to Eaſt: In Pico Iſland their Direction was from Eaſt to Weſt, and from South to Weſt in Graciosa. Fayal had but a ſlight Shock, and the Motion of the Sea was ſcarce perceivable. In St. Michael's and St. Mary's Iſlands they felt nothing but the Effects of an ordinary Shock. The Iſles of Flores and Corvo have been entirely free from this Calamity.

January 3. The Princeſs Caroline has left near 20,000l. to charitable Uſes.

The Tranſports taken up to carry Troops to America, are ordered to be ready for ſailing on the ſhorteſt Notice, after the 25th Inſtant.

A Train of 14 Pieces of Cannon, are getting ready for Embarkation, for America it is believed, and a Draught of Officers and Matroſſes, from Woolwich, will be made in a few Days.

We are aſſured, that by the Middle of February, Ten Ships of the Line, beſides Frigates, and a conſiderable Body of Forces, will ſail for North-America, under the Command of Admiral Boſcawen, in order to be there as ſoon as the Spring opens; that, in the mean Time, an Expreſs has been diſpatched to order all the Troops already there, to hold themſelves in Readineſs to act in Conjunction with theſe on their Arrival.

WHITEHALL, *January* 4, 1758.

Copy of a Letter from Andrew Mitchell, Eſq; his Majeſty's Miniſter to the King of Pruſſia, to the Right Hon. the Earl of Holdernеſſe, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Leipſig, Saturday, Dec. 24, 1757.

My Lord,

I HAVE the Satisfaction to acquaint your Lordſhip, that laſt Night an Officer arrived from the King of Pruſſia's Army, with the News that Breſlau ſurrendered on the 20th in the Morning; that the Garriſon, conſiſting of 13 or 14 General Officers, and 10,000 Men bearing Arms, beſides between 3 or 4000 Sick and Wounded, were made Priſoners of War.

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As the Officer ſet out before the King made his Entry into Breſlau, he does not know the Names of the Generals that are made Priſoners; but he tells me, the Pruſſians loſt only 20 Men in the Approaches they made to Breſlau; and that on the Night of the 14th, a Magazine of Powder was ſet on Fire by a Bomb, which occaſioned great Confuſion among the Beſieged, and greatly damaged one of the Baſtions.

I have the Honour to be, with the greateſt Reſpect, my Lord, your Lordſhip's moſt obedient and moſt humble Servant,

ANDREW MITCHELL.

December 24. Private Letters from Germany, received by Yeſterday's Mail, mention, that before the Poſt came away the French had laid the City of Zell in Aſhes, and were marching towards Hanover, with Intent to ſet that City alſo on Fire; but as the Hanoverian Army were but two Leagues from the French when they left Zell, it was hoped they would come up with them, in Time to prevent the Deſtruction of that City.

Extract of a private Letter from Berlin, dated Chriſtmas-Eve, 1757.

"The enſuing Feſtival will be kept with ſo much the greater Joy, as we have received, the Day before Yeſterday, by the Sieur Schenk, Lieutenant in his Majeſty's Guards, the pleaſing and important News, that on the 20th, about Nine in the Morning, his Majeſty became Maſter of the Capital of Breſlau, with very inconſiderable Loſs, and has made the whole Auſtrian Garriſon Priſoners. The Gentleman before-mentioned continued his Rout to Leipſig, in order to communicate this acceptable Intelligence to Prince Henry, who is alſo on the Point of executing an Expedition of Importance, which, in its Conſequences, may give a new Turn to the Affairs of the Empire, at leaſt hinder the French from eating up and deſtroying the Dominions of German Princes, Friends and Enemies. According to the Report of thoſe who ſaw the Lieutenant during his ſhort Stay here, there are Fourteen Officers of high Rank, Three Hundred others, and Thirteen Thouſand private Men Priſoners. His Majeſty has made a grand Promotion of General Officers, and as a Mark of his Clemency, publiſhed a full and general Pardon for all Deſerters who ſhall, within the Space of three Calender Months, rejoin their reſpective Corps in the Field, or in Quarters, or ſhall repair to the ſeveral Rendezvous in the Cities of Berlin, Croſſen, Breſlau, Brieg, Glogau, Neiſs, and Reickenback. This General Pardon bears Date the 18th."

January 4. His Majeſty has been pleaſed to make the following Promotions in the Army ſerving in North-America, viz.

Major-General James Abercrombie, Commander in Chief, and likewiſe Colonel in Chief of the Royal American Regiment, conſiſting of four Battalions of 1000 private Men each.

John Stanwyx, Eſq; John Forbes, Eſq; Lord Viſcount Howe, Edward Whitmore, Eſq; Charles Lawrence, Eſq; Brigadiers General in North-America only.

Thomas Gage, Eſq; Henry Boquet, Eſq; Archibald Montgomery, Eſq; Colonels.

John Bradſtreet, Deputy Quarter-Maſter General.

The Auſtrian Magazine which General Keith deſtroyed at Leutmeritz conſiſted of 4000 Tons of Meal, and a conſiderable Quantity of all Sorts of unthraſhed Corn.

January 7. The Howe Privateer of Guernſey, Capt. Howard, is arrived at Falmouth, and has brought in with him a French Privateer, mounting 14 Six-Pounders, called the Repriſal, of Bayonne, and a Veſſel from Dundee for South-Carolina; which the French took up at Sea, but found no Perſon on board her.

The Tranſports are victualling with the utmoſt Expedition; and all the Officers are ordered to join their Corps by a certain Day, on Pain of being caſhier'd.

It is poſitively aſſured, that by the Opening of the Spring, the King of Pruſſia will be at the Head of 80,000 Men, Meaſures being taken for that Purpoſe.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, *January* 10.

Extract of a Letter from the Honourable Captain Byron, of his Majeſty's Ship the America, to Mr. Cleveland, dated in Plymouth Sound, the 7th Inſt.

"The 9th of December, in the Latitude of 48, the Lizard bearing N. 71, E. 140 Leagues, we retook the John Galley belonging to Boſton laden with Tar and Oil, put ſome Hands on board her, and ordered her for Plymouth. The 14th the Coventry joined us. On the 18th, in the Latitude 48: 40, Lizard N. 82, E. 203 Leagues, we took a French Ship from Gaſpil-Bay, called the Neptune, laden with Fiſh, put ſome Men into her, and ordered her alſo to Plymouth. On the 19th, in the Latitude of 49: 20, the Lizard N. 86, E. 214 Leagues, we came up with a French Snow, who, in firing her Stern-Chaſe at the Brilliant, which was very near her, by ſome Accident took fire in her Powder Room, and blew up all the After Part of her. She burnt with great Violence for Half an Hour, and then ſunk. Out of 70 Hands no more than 24 could be ſaved, and thoſe ſo miſerably burnt, that many of them are ſince dead. She was a very fine Veſſel, of upwards of 200 Tons, called the Diamond, mounted 14 Carriage Guns, came from Quebec, and was of very great Value, as her Cargo conſiſted of the fineſt Furrs. On the 24th, in the Morning, in the Latitude of 48: 51, the Lizard 84 E. 204 Leagues, we chaſed a French Privateer, and towards the Evening, falling very little Wind, the Coventry came up with her, and engaged her an Hour and Half, when ſhe ſtruck. She was called the Dragon, belonging to Bayonne, is quite a new Ship, and was but juſt come upon her firſt Cruize. She has 24 Nine-Pounders, and many Swivels, and had 284 Men. She had 4 killed, and 10 or 12 wounded. The Coventry had only 6 wounded, one of which is ſince dead. On the 25th, as we were employed in removing the Priſoners, we ſaw a Sail, and made the Brilliant's Signal to chaſe, who ſoon came up with her. She was a Snow Privateer of 14 Guns, from Bayonne, called the Intrepid. She fired into the Brilliant, and wounded one Man, upon which the Brilliant returned the Fire, and ſunk her. She had 130 Men, eight or ten of which were killed, the Reſt were ſaved by the Brilliant's Boats."

January 10. They were buſy at all the Cranes on Tower Wharf on Sunday, Yeſterday, and this Day, in Shipping off Cannon-Ball, Bullets, and other military Stores, which are deſtined for ſome particular Deſign in North-America.

We hear that the late excellent Princeſs Caroline has left to her Niece, the Princeſs Auguſta, Fifty Thouſand Pounds.

The King of Pruſſia has cauſed Notice to be formally delivered to the Empreſs Queen, of the great Number of Priſoners now in his Hands, and of the Impoſſibility, in the preſent ruinous Condition of his Country, of providing for ſuch an extraordinary Number, and therefore recommending to her Majeſty to think of ſome Means of Redemption, or ſending theſe unhappy Captives ſome Relief, as the Law of Nations, as well as thoſe of Nature, require, that his own Troops ſhould be provided for firſt, and there is not ſufficient Subſiſtence for both.

Plymouth, January 7. The Angelique, of and from Rochelle, for Louiſburg, with Proviſions and Soldiers, is ſent in here by the Antient Briton Privateer of Briſtol, and the Earl of Granville Privateer of Jerſey. The America Man of War is arrived from a Cruize, and has brought in the Dragon Privateer of Bayonne, of 24 Nine-Pounders, and 280 Men, who had been but five Days out, and taken nothing. The America fell in with eight Sail of French Ships, ſuppoſed Eaſt-India Men, under Convoy, 50 Leagues Weſt of Scilly.

January 12. We are informed that the victorious King of Pruſſia is in perfect Health at Berlin, where he intends to ſpend ſome ſhort Time, in order to relax his Mind from the Cares and Fatigues of his long and glorious Campaign, in which he has taken upwards of 50,000 Priſoners.

A Letter, under the King of Pruſſia's own Hand, containing an Account of his Succeſs, has been lately receiv'd by our Court.

The Roi David, of 400 Tons, from St. Domingo for Bourdeaux, is taken by the Conſtantine and Severn Privateers of Briſtol. She came out with 30 Sail, but parted Company in bad Weather the 15th of laſt Month. Three Hours after the above Capture, a French Frigate, of 36 Guns, in bearing down upon the Conſtantine and Severn, by ſome Accident overſet, and all on board periſhed. The two Privateers were drawing up their Courſes, and making ready for their Defence, when they ſaw the Accident happen in tacking, but could give no Aſſiſtance, in order to ſave any of the Crew. The St. Domingo Man is ſent into Briſtol, and is a very valuable Prize, having on board 450 Hogſheads of Sugar, 100 Tons of Indico, and other valuable Effects.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, *January* 14.

Captain Lockhart, of the Tartar, is arrived at Plymouth with a French Ship and Snow from St. Domingo, taken by himſelf and the Magnanime.

The Medway and Loweſtoffe are alſo arrived at Plymouth with two French Ships, one of 300 Tons, 8 Guns, 23 Seamen, and 19 Soldiers; the other 350 Tons, 20 Carriage and 10 Swivels, 61 Seamen, and 20 Soldiers, both laden with Proviſions for Louiſburg; the former of which was taken by the Stirling Caſtle and Eſſex, the latter by the Loweſtoffe, on the ſecond Inſtant.

The Priſoners ſay they ſailed from L'Iſle de Aix, in Company with three other Merchant Ships laden with Proviſions for Louiſburg, under Convoy of the Prudent and Capricieux, and the Tripon and Heroine Frigates, the two former of which parted Company with them the Day before they were taken.

The Frigates made their Eſcape from our Ships by its falling light Wind, before which his Majeſty's Ships out ſailed them greatly; but there is Reaſon to believe, that the other Merchant Ships are taken by the Ships that were left in Chaſe of them.

The Brilliant and Coventry are likewiſe arrived at Plymouth with two Prizes, one from St. Domingo, the other from Cape-Breton.

January 14. By the Vigilance of the preſent Miniſtry, we are well aſſured that ſome ſudden Blow will ſoon be ſtruck that will aſtoniſh Europe; but of what Nature or Kind, or in what Part of the World, we do not pretend to point out. But we are well aſſured, that none of the Commanders in Chief, who have hitherto been entruſted with the Execution of any former Plan of Operations, will be employed in the Conduct of this.

It is ſaid Sir William Johnſon will have the Command of the Attack intended againſt Quebec; and General Amherſt of that againſt Louiſburg.

We hear the Lords of the Admiralty have given the Command of a Fifty-Gun Ship to Captain Lockhart.

A Ship from St. Domingo is taken by the Earl of Granville Privateer of Jerſey, and brought into Weymouth. She is a large Ship, and bound for Bourdeaux, laden with Sugar and Indico.

We hear that a large Quantity of all Kinds of Ammunition, Stores, Cloathing, &c. for the King of Pruſſia's Army, is getting ready in this Kingdom, to the Amount of ſeveral Hundred Thouſand Pounds.

It is ſaid the Domingo Ship, taken by the two Briſtol Privateers, is really worth 50,000 l. and as the Men of War and Privateers in the Bay are not leſs than 40, it is hoped they will fall in with more of them, as they were 30 in Number when the above Ship was ſeparated from them in a hard Gale of Wind.

Saliſbury, Jan. 16. The Court, after ſitting ſix Days on the Trial of Sir John Mordaunt, finiſhed with the Examination of Sir Edward Hawke, which laſted above three Hours, and then proceeded to give their Opinion.

By the Sentence reported to the King, which his Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed to confirm on Tueſday laſt, Sir John Mordaunt is unanimouſly and honourably acquitted of the Charge exhibited againſt him.

From Faulkner's Dublin Journal, Dec. 27.

Extract of a private Letter from London, Dec. 20.

"All this Kingdom and City are in Raptures "at a Speech lately made by Mr. P----- againſt "the Officers of the Navy and Land Forces, the "Victuallers, Contractors, Purveyors, Remitters, "Purſers, &c. wherein he ſets forth their Non-"Attendance in their different Stations, their great "Neglect of Duty, their trifling Excuſes for Ab-"ſence, their pretended Illneſs, their Attendance "in Parliament when their Preſence was very ſel-"dom wanting, their falſe Muſters, to the great "Loſs of his Majeſty's Honour and the Service "of the Nation that paid them; their Want of "Application to Geography, the different Arts "of War and Military Diſcipline; their Inſolence "to their inferior Officers, and Tyranny over the "common Men; that the Nation was taxed be-"yond Meaſure to ſupport Men in their Extrava-"gance, Idleneſs, and Luxury, whilſt large Ar-"rears are due to the moſt uſeful Set of Men, and "Bulwark of the Engliſh Nation, the common "Sailors; whilſt little Fribbles, perfumed and "ſcented Petit Maitres were put in Commiſſion "by P------y Intereſt, in Prejudice to theſe brave "Tars. In ſhort, it was the fineſt Oration that "ever was made in an Engliſh Senate, and more "againſt miniſterial Corruption than ever was be-"fore ſpoke by any Miniſter of State ſince the "Foundation of Machiavel's Principles; which, "if poſſible, hath added much to his Fame and "Popularity."

KING-

KINGSTON, *in Jamaica, January* 5.

Saturday last arrived here his Majeſty's Ship Auguſta, Arthur Forreſt, Eſq; Commander, who brought in with him the following French Ships, viz.

Le Mars, Monſieur Pierre La Ray, 32 Guns, 12, 9 and 6 Pounders.

Le Theodore, M. Klievſan Trollo, 22 Guns.

La Marguerita, M. Jacques Brochard, 16 Guns.

Le St. Pierre, M. Foamon Urbin Aeſier, 16 Guns.

Le Solide, M. Pierre Pavianne, 14 Guns.

Le Floſe, M. Oliver Brunneauy, 14 Guns.

Le Morrice le Grande, M. Jean Gondre, 18 Guns.

Le Brilliant, M. Guilliam Jandine, 14 Guns,

Brigantine Le Mannette, M. Fontaine, 10 Guns.

Capt. Forreſt got Sight of this Fleet on the 23d of December, off Porto Prince, but having Dutch Colours up, the Frenchmen never altered their Courſe, imagining it to be a Dutch Man of War; however, Night coming on, Capt. Forreſt tacked and ſtood after them, and about 11 o'Clock came up with the Le Mars, who ſtruck upon Receipt of the firſt Broadſide, the whole Fleet ſoon after following her Example.

Theſe Ships were bound from Porto-Prince to Old France, and were going through the Gulph. They are all richly laden with Sugar, Indico, Cotton, Coffee, &c. and their Cargoes coſt at Porto-Prince 170,000 l.

The ſame Day arrived here his Majeſty's Sloop of War the Hornet, who brought in a ſmall French Privateer of four Carriage and ten Swivel Guns, which ſhe took on the North Side of Hiſpaniola, where ſhe alſo drove aſhore and deſtroyed a French Privateer Snow of 14 Carriage Guns.

On Tueſday laſt arrived here a large French Letter of Marque Ship, mounting 22 Guns, bound from Bourdeaux to Cape-Francois. She was taken by two New-York Privateers after an Engagement of 7 Glaſſes.

NEW-YORK, *March* 13.

Part of a Letter from London, December 25.

——" New Officers are appointed to command in America; Tranſports are ready to ſail; every Thing carries the Face of an *active* War.—— There are ſome here who apprehend Peace with Spain will not laſt long; but from what Motive at preſent I cannot ſay. Mr. Henry Bilſon Legge, the preſent Chancellor of the Exchequer, is going to Madrid, and Lord Dupplin is to have his Chancellorſhip. Mr. P----- firmly keeps his Ground. Bribery and Corruption are juſt expiring. Elections will not be ſought after ſo eagerly, ſince Merit alone, and not a Seat in the Houſe, is the only Way to Preferment. Great Diſſatisfaction is taken at our Affairs in America. Mr. PITT ſpoke in the Houſe upwards of two Hours——Such a Speech deſerves to be in the Hands of every Well-wiſher to his Country; at preſent we have only Extracts of it."——

Extract of a Letter from Falmouth, January 18.

" I received yours by the Packet, for which I thank you. And in Return for the Intelligence tranſmitted, muſt inform you, that great Preparations for War are making in Spain; and it is ſaid the Dutch and Danes intend to aſſiſt Great-Britain, in order to ſupport the Proteſtant Cauſe in Germany, and prevent the Auſtrian Netherlands remaining in the Hands of France."

We are informed by Capt. Dyer, who arrived here in 6 Weeks and 3 Days from Falmouth, in the Harriot Packet, that the Day he ſailed from Falmouth, a Cutter arrived there from Plymouth, with Advice, that Commodore Howe, in his Majeſty's Ship the Magnanime, of 74 Guns, had taken and ſent in there a French 74 Gun Ship, and ſix Tranſports, that were bound to Louiſburg from Old France, and that ſome Ships of Hawke's Squadron were in Purſuit of fourteen others, the Fleet conſiſting of 20 Sail, convoyed by the abovementioned Man of War.

Capt. Ward, from Jamaica, ſays, that about 12 Days before he left that Iſland, the nine Prizes taken by Capt. Forreſt, as mentioned under the Jamaica Head, together with two taken by the Admiral, and one by a Privateer of Jamaica, in all 12 Sail, ſailed for England under Convoy of the Auguſta, Capt. Forreſt, himſelf, of 70 Guns, one 50 Gun Ship, two 20 Gun Ships, and a Sloop: And that their Cargo chiefly conſiſted of Sugar, Indico, Cotton and Coffee.

On Tueſday laſt arrived here, his Majeſty's Ship the Diana of 32 Guns, Commodore Durell, from Portſmouth. We hear his Command here for a little Time, will conſiſt of three 20 Gun Ships beſide the Diana; and that as the Commodore is appointed to the Command of an 80 Gun Ship, he will afterwards remain at Halifax.

Saturday laſt arrived here Capt. Langworthy in four Days from Rhode-Iſland.——He informs that Yeſterday Week came into Newport, a large Tranſport Ship bound to this Place from Ireland, having on board near 200 Highlanders:——That ſhe left Cork in Company with 16 others about 12 Weeks ſince; and that about the Weſtern Iſlands ſhe parted with her Convoy, and all the other Tranſports.

And, Yeſterday ſix others of them arrived here, under Convoy of his Majeſty's Ship the Hampſhire of 50 Guns, Capt. ———.

We hear from Albany, That the Forces there had not moved on Monday laſt.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 16.

From Barbados we have the following Advices, viz. That on the 21ſt of January the Falkland and Speaker ſent in there another French Privateer, a fine Sloop, of 8 Carriage, and 12 Swivel, Guns, and about 70 Men. That Captain Phipps, in a Halifax Privateer, had had an Engagement with a Privateer from Martinico, to Windward of Barbados, which laſted five Hours, when the Frenchman made off, having 11 Men killed, and 27 wounded, his Veſſel hulled in ſeveral Places, loſt his Topmaſt, and received other conſiderable Damage; Captain Phipps had ſeven Men wounded. That a Snow from Virginia for Barbados, was taken by the Privateer that took Capt. Cobourn of this Port. That on the 29th of January a Flag of Truce arrived at that Iſland from Martinico, and brought Advice of a large Brigantine, deep loaded, going in there, as ſhe came out. That his Majeſty's Ships Cambridge and Buckingham were cruizing off of Martinico, where they had been for ſome Time; and that as they were ſtanding in for the Land, between Fort St. Pierres and Fort Royal, a Privateer Sloop, of 12 Guns, under Dutch Colours, came out to view them, and, after making her Obſervations, tacked, and ſtood in again, hoiſting a French Pendant, and firing at the Men of War; upon which the Ships immediately gave Chace, and ran her cloſe under a Battery of eight Guns, where ſhe anchored for Protection. That on the Ships approaching the Battery began to fire, which they returned, and with two or three Broadſides intirely demoliſhed it, took the Privateer Sloop, and ſcuttled four more. That the Captain of the Sloop, and five of his Hands, were killed, as were alſo five or ſix Men in the Battery. That no Prize, except the above mentioned, had been carried into Martinico for ſix Weeks; and that Proviſions were very ſcarce there, Beef being at Thirty Pieces of Eight a Barrel, and Flour Twenty Pieces.

Extract of a Letter from Falmouth, dated Feb. 19.

" A Sloop arrived here from Waterford, brings Advice of two St. Domingo Men, and a French Privateer, being loſt; and that five more are ſent into Plymouth by our Cruizers in the Bay.—— New Officers being appointed to command in your Part of the World, great Matters are expected."

In ſeveral Letters from England it is mentioned, that the People there had been almoſt in Deſpair, on account of their bad Succeſs every where during the laſt Year; but that the late good Fortune of the magnanimous King of Pruſſia began to revive them again. It is alſo ſaid he will have a great Sum granted him by Parliament.

Tueſday laſt Captain Finglaſs arrived here from London. He came out with the Beaver Man of War; which Veſſel, we hear, the Honourable Proprietaries have got ſtationed in Delaware Bay.

ANNAPOLIS, *March* 23.

An Embargo is laid on all Veſſels in this Province.

Laſt Night, at Two Minutes before X, when the Air was very clear and ſerene, we had here a very conſiderable Shock of an EARTHQUAKE; but, thro' GOD's Mercy, it has done no Damage that we have yet heard of. For about ½ of a Minute before the Shock, there was a rumbling Noiſe, not unlike that of Carriage Wheels on Pavements or frozen Ground, at a diſtance, which encreaſed 'til the Shaking, and that laſted about half a Minute.

This Day the General Aſſembly of the Province were to have Met here, the Honorable Speaker, and a few of the Members, being come to Town; but the Day proving very Snowy, it is more than probable there will not be Members enough to make up a Houſe 'til Tomorrow or next Day.

Tueſday laſt Eight Indians of the *Cherokee* Nation came to Town; but what is their Buſineſs, or how long they are to tarry, we have not yet heard. One of them, who is called *Round O*, is ſaid to be one of the Chief Warriors of that numerous Nation.

The greateſt Part of the Five Companies of the ROYAL-AMERICANS, who took up their Winter Quarters here, are embark'd and gone up the Bay, and the reſt are ſoon to follow, to Rendezvous at *Philadelphia*.

JUST IMPORTED from *LONDON*, *In the Ship* UNITY, *Capt.* JOSEPH RICHARDSON, *and to be Sold by Wholeſale by the Subſcriber, living near the Head of* Severn *River, at a reaſonable Price, for ready Caſh or good Bills of Exchange*,

A CARGO of GOODS, amounting to near 350 *l.* prime Coſt, conſiſting of a Variety of *Iriſh* Linens, Linen and Cotton Checks, ſtriped Cottons, Womens Cotton Gowns, Handkerchiefs, Bed Bunts and Bolſters, *Briſtol* and Drop Shot, Bar Lead and Gunpowder, Glaſs, Stone and Earthen Ware, Pipes, broad and narrow Hoes, broad and lopping Axes, 8*d.* 10*d.* and 20*d.* Nails, Pewter of ſeveral Sorts, ſingle and double refined Sugar, brown Rolls, Oſnabrigs, white Dowlas, Hollands, Cambricks, and *Ruſſia* Linen, Mens, Womens, Boys and Girls Worſted Hoſe, Mens ſingle and double Worſted Caps, Mens and Boys Felt and Caſtor Hats, whited brown and *Scotch* Thread.

They are to be Landed at Mr. *Jacques*'s Warehouſe in *Annapolis* (unleſs ſold on board the Ship) where they will be delivered to any Gentleman that purchaſes them.

ALEXANDER WARFIELD.

To be LET by the YEAR, or a ſhorter Time,

VERY CONVENIENT BUILDINGS for a wet and dry STORE, in the Heart of a very good Neighbourhood, well ſituated for the purchaſing both of Grain and Tobacco, convenient to three or four Inſpecting-Houſes of good Characters, very nigh a Merchant-Mill, the Flour of which is known to ſell in the *Weſt-Indies* 1/6 *per Cent.* higher than ſeveral other Mills in the very ſame Cargoes, on a very healthy Spot, ſurrounded by many good Planters and Farmers; where a Merchant, with or without an Aſſiſtant, may be accommodated; alſo Stable and Provender for their Horſes; a Boy, if wanted, to take Care of them, and ride of Errands. Enquire of the Printer hereof, or Mr. *Matthew Zuille* in *Cheſter-Town, Maryland*.

SOME Time in *December* laſt, a BARREL of PEPPER, without any Mark or Direction, was ſent by the Stages from *Philadelphia* to *Annapolis*, and returned from thence to *Saſſafras*, as no Owner could be found for it. The Owner is hereby requeſted to apply to the Maſter of the *Saſſafras* Stage Boat for the ſaid Barrel, and pay him the Charges thereon, and the Charge of this Advertiſement. J. M'Duff.

LENT by the Subſcriber ſome Time ago, but to whom forgot, a blue GREAT COAT and a Pair of LEATHER BAGS. The Borrower is deſired to return them to

GEORGE JOHNSON.

N. B. He has a likely young Negro Boy to hire out by the Year.

PURSUANT to an Act of Aſſembly of this Province, directing the Adminiſtratrix of *Talbot Riſteau*, deceaſed, to diſpoſe of Two LOTS of GROUND, in the Town of *Joppa*, on which is erected a SPACIOUS BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, KITCHEN, GARDEN, and ſundry OUT-HOUSES, in very good Repair: Theſe are to give Notice, That the Subſcriber propoſes to diſpoſe of the ſaid LOTS and HOUSES, in the Town of *Joppa*, in *Baltimore* County, to the higheſt Bidder, on Wedneſday the Second Day of *Auguſt* next, at the Court-Houſe in the ſaid Town of *Joppa*, for the Purpoſes in the ſaid Act mentioned. SUSANNA RISTEAU.

N. B. The HOUSES are very convenient for any Store-Keeper, or private Gentleman, being adjoining on the River *Gunpowder*, and have a Wharff, at which ſmall Veſſels may Load or Unload.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Michel Criger*, at *Kittockton*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Black Horſe, branded on the near Thigh F P, and paces.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Three following TRACTS of LAND (formerly mortgaged to Mr. *Robert Swan* by *Aaron Lynn*, late of *Somerset* County) lying on *Broad-Creek* at the Head of *Nanticoke* River, *viz.*

Walbrook, containing	260	Acres.
Carter's Lott, — — —	100	
Aaron's Folly, — — —	150	

Any Person inclinable to purchase all or either of said Tracts, may apply for Terms to JAMES JOHNSON in *Annapolis*, or

ROBERT COUDEN, Attorney in Fact for *Robert Swan*.

JONATHAN RAWLINGS,

At the House lately kept by John Conner *and* Anthony Smith, *about Seven Miles from* London-Town, *leading to* Calvert *and* St. Mary's *Counties, and the nearest Way to* Upper-Marlborough *from* Annapolis,

STILL keeps TAVERN, where all Gentlemen Travellers may be well accommodated, and meet with good Entertainment and Usage, from

Their humble Servant,
JONATHAN RAWLINGS.

BARTHOLOMEW BROMLY,

At MOUNT-PLEASANT *on* Patuxent *River, Three Miles from* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, *and Eleven from* LONDON-TOWN,

HATH provided a convenient BOAT for keeping FERRY: All Persons that favour him with Custom, may depend on a speedy Passage.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, called *Griffith's Park*, lying in *Frederick* County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of *Patowmack* River, near the Mouth of Capt. *Johns*'s Creek, containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated.

Likewise a Tract of Land, lying in *Cæcil* County, called *Augustus*'s *Defiance*, containing, by Patent, 138 Acres.

For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to *Robert Peters* at *Bladensburg*, or *John Brown* at the Head of *Bohemia*.

LOST by the Subscriber on the 31st of *January* last, a SILVER WATCH, in *Baltimore-Town* in *Baltimore* County, in the Street near the public Wharff, made by W. KIPLING, LONDON, N°. 2783. She had a Silver Seal hanging to a double ribb'd Ribbon, green on one Side, and white on the other, with W S in a Cypher. Whoever discovers the said Watch, and secures it so as the Subscriber may have it again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Current Money Reward, paid by the Subscriber living in *Baltimore* County. WILLIAM SAVORY.

N. B. Watch-makers are desired to stop it, if offered to be mended or sold.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. *Richard Croxall*, on the *Garrison Ridge* in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a Black pacing Horse, shod before, has several Saddle Spots, and branded on the near Shoulder I C.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Angell Israllo*, on the *Garrison Ridge* in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a large Dark Bay Horse, about 14 Hands 2½ Inches high, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock P D.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

March 2, 1758.

STRAYED or Stolen, about 6 Weeks ago, from the Plantation of the Reverend Mr. *John MacPherson*, at *New-Port*, in *Charles* County, a small Light Bay Mare, has a small Star in her Forehead, a ridge Mane not lately trimm'd, branded on the near Buttock F X P or something like it.

Whoever brings her to the Plantation of Mr. *Robert Gill*, senior, at *New-Port*, shall have TEN SHILLINGS Reward.

A SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

For Raising the SUM of FOUR HUNDRED and THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS, for further Securing the DOCK in ANNAPOLIS, and other Public Uses within the said CITY; to consist of 4000 TICKETS, at 15*s*. each, 1204 of which are to be fortunate, *viz.*

Prizes.		Value.		Amount.
1	of	100 £.	is	100 £.
2	of	75	are	150
4	of	50	are	200
8	of	25	are	200
12	of	15	are	180
20	of	10	are	200
30	of	5	are	150
125	of	2	are	250
1000	of	1:2:6	are	1125
1 first Drawn, not otherwise a Prize				6
1 last Drawn, Ditto, - - -				4
1204 Prizes,		Amounting to		2565
2796 Blanks.		Sum raised £.		435 for above Uses.

4000 Tickets at 15*s*. each, make 3000 £.

THE Uses to which the above Sum of 435 *l*. is to be applied, tending to the Public Good and Service of the Community, as well without as within this City; the best Expedient that could be fallen on at this Time for raising that Sum, being a LOTTERY, and the Scheme thereof calculated so much to the Advantage of the Adventurers (there not being Two Blanks and a Half to a Prize, and the Deduction on the whole not 15 *per Cent.*) Nothing more need be said for its Recommendation: And it is not doubted but the Tickets will soon be all Sold, as near One Thousand of them are already engaged.

When the Tickets are dispos'd of, the Drawing is to begin immediately, in the Court-House in *Annapolis*, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers, *viz.* Messieurs *John Brice, Stephen Bordley, Nicholas Maccubbin, James Dick, Walter Dulany, John Raitt, William Roberts, Lancelot Jacques, William Reynolds, Jonas Green, Henry Woodward, James Johnson, John Clapham*, and *Bennett Chew*, are to give Bond and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A LIST of the PRIZES to be published in the *Maryland* GAZETTE; and Paid off, without any Deduction, as soon as the Drawing is finish'd: And those not demanded in Six Months afterwards, to be deemed as generously given to the Public, for the Uses above-mentioned.

The whole to be conducted, as near as may be, in the same Manner as State Lotteries in *England*.

Tickets to be had of any of the Managers.

N. B. Fourteen Days Notice, at least, will be given in the GAZETTE, of the Time of Drawing.

To be Sold together or separately,

THE Two following Tracts of LAND, lying in *Calvert* County: The one called *Hard Travail*, at the Head of *Battle-Creek*, near the Church, containing about Four Hundred Acres, extremely well wooded and timbered: The other called *Harwood*, lying at the Head of *Battle-Creek*, containing Five Hundred Acres.

Time will be allowed for Payment, upon giving Bond. 4 B. TASKER.

To be Sold to the Highest Bidder, on Wednesday the Twelfth of April *next, at* QUEEN-ANNE, *on* Patuxent *River, or, if it should rain that Day, the next fair Day after,*

A CHOICE Parcel of SLAVES, belonging to *Thomas Bladen*, Esq; removed from his Plantation in *Baltimore* County; amongst which are Six Men, the oldest not exceeding 36 Years. The Sale to begin at XII o'Clock, and continue till all are Sold. 4 B. TASKER, junior.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Michael Scott*, at *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Horse, about 12½ Hands high, has a Star in his Forehead, but no perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

WHEREAS a yellow Slave, well-set, with short cut Hair, near 5 Feet high, about 24 Years old, by Name *Toby*, and is a Weaver by Trade, absconded from his Mistress on Sunday Morning the 12th of *February* Instant, and took with him all his Cloaths, *viz.* a Duroy Coat, a Country Cloth Waistcoat, a Country Cloth Pair of Breeches, a long Pair of Ditto, and a Linen Cap; (the Coat and the Cap it is supposed he wears); he had a Pair of Brass Buckles in his Shoes, one of which is broke; he speaks good *English*, and is very smooth in his Speech; his Eyes much like an *Indian*'s; his Lips very thick, and in his other Features much like a Negro. It is supposed he will make for the Eastern Shore, as he has before attempted it. Whoever takes up the said Slave, and brings him to the Subscriber, living upon *St. Clement*'s Bay, in *St. Mary*'s County, shall receive the Sum of Ten Shillings, over and above what the Law allows, if taken out of *St. Mary*'s County.

MARY LEE.

Charles County, *New-Port*, *Feb.* 14, 1758.

THE Subscriber once more gives this public Notice, that those who are indebted to him on Account of the Store he lately kept here, at the House of Mr. *John Winter*, and do not immediately pay off their respective Ballances, or secure them by Bond or otherwise, to the Satisfaction of Mr. *Andrew Buchanan*, who now keeps Store at the same Place, and has full Power to collect and receive those Debts, may depend on being sued, without Loss of Time or Respect of Persons.

Those who have any Demands against the said Concern, are likewise desired to bring in their Accounts directly, and apply to the said Mr. *Buchanan* for Payment. ALEXANDER LOTHIAN.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY good SAILING BOAT, a prime Sailer, about 21 Feet Keel, 6 and ½ Beam, and 3 and ½ in the Hold; her Frame Mulberry; has a middling good Suit of Sails, Anchor and Cable, with other Materials, *&c. &c.* Enquire of the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER near Severn-Ferry, *in* ANNAPOLIS,

CHOICE SINGLE and DOUBLE REFINED SUGAR, RICE, SHIP BREAD, and fine old CANE SPIRIT, by Wholesale or Retail; as likewise BUTTER by the Firkin.

JOHN CLAPHAM.

HORSES, to go on Expresses, or Journeys of any Distance, to be LET by the Subscriber in *Annapolis*, who will likewise furnish any Gentleman with a faithful and expeditious Messenger to go on Expresses. THOMAS PECKER.

N. B. The said *Pecker* intreats all Persons Indebted to him to make speedy Payment, or at least to settle their Accounts by Notes, to prevent further Trouble.

He will either Buy, or Kill for Others in the neatest Manner, and at a cheap Rate, by good *English* BUTCHERS, any Parcels of Fat Cattle or Sheep. T. PECKER.

JUST IMPORTED from *BRISTOL*,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Stores at UPPER-MARLBOROUGH *and* PIG-POINT,

A PARCEL of *WELCH* COTTONS, FRIZES, RUGS, and BLANKETS, and other WINTER GOODS; CROWN GLASS 8 by 10, and 11 by 9; NAILS and IRON WARE, QUART BOTTLES, *&c. &c. &c.*

STEPHEN WEST.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 260 Acres, 16 Acres of which is excellent fresh Water Meadow, with a good Orchard of young grafted Trees, lying on the *Round-Bay* near the *Vine-Yard*; on which there is a good Dwelling-House, Stable, Corn-House, *&c.* For Terms, and further Particulars, enquire of Mr. *Lancelot Jacques*, Merchant, in *Annapolis*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s*. 6*d*. *per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.